



HTR02 series

Heater for verification of performance of FHF-type heat flux sensors

Hukseflux, the world market leader in heat flux sensors, simplifies heat flux sensor performance checks. HTR02 series is a heater with a cable with 4-wires, a known surface area and electrical resistance. It is used for functionality checks of heat flux sensors like FHF05 series. Users can now easily and objectively check their sensor performance before and after use. HTR02 series is available in two different models: 50X50 and 85X85 mm. Users can use the heaters for all sensor dimensions in FHF05 series. See also model FHF05SC series heat flux sensor with integrated heater.



Figure 1 Model HTR02-50X50 and HTR02-85X85 heater.

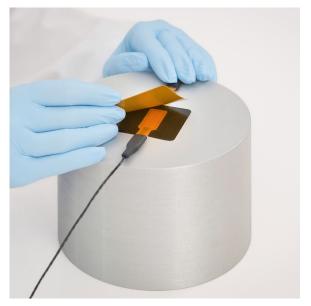


Figure 2 HTR02-50X50 heater with model FHF05-15X30 heat flux sensor. HTR02 heater series can easily be used with all models of FHF05 series.

Introduction

Measuring heat flux, users may wish to regularly check their sensor performance. A quick check is now possible with HTR02 series plus some accessories that most laboratories will have inhouse. The HTR02 series heaters have a well characterised a traceable surface area and electrical resistance.

HTR02 series is a foil heater. Either it can be used in combination with foil heat flux sensors such as FHF05 series for test purposes or as a general-purpose heater.

Heater with FHF05 series

Heaters of HTR02 series can easily be used with all models of FHF05 series.

FHF05 MODEL	HTR02 HEATER
FHF05-10X10	HTR02-50X50
FHF05-15X30	HTR02-50X50
FHF05-50X50	HTR02-50X50
FHF05-15X85	HTR02-85X85
FHF05-85X85	HTR02-85X85

To achieve higher measurement performance, it is recommended to make a guard for models FHF05-10X10, -15X30 and -15X85. See the user manual for more information.

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Unique features and benefits

- makes it possible to perform a simple test
- guarantees sensor stability
- matches all models of FHF05 series heat flux sensors
- HTR02 series heaters have a well characterised and traceable surface area and electrical resistance
- supplied with product certificate stating surface area in [m²] and heater resistance in [Ω]

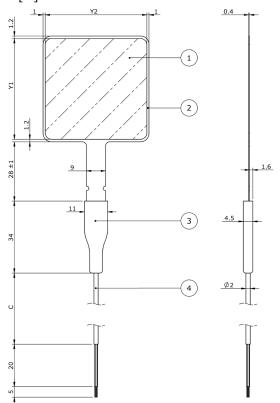


Figure 3 Models FHF05SC 50X50 and 85X85; Y1 = 47.6 or 82.6 and Y2 = 48 or 83, dimensions in $\times 10^{-3}$ m. (1) heater area, (2) passive guard, (3) connection block and (4) cable, standard length C = 2 m.

Options

- with 2, 5 or 10 m cable length
- with a separate cable in 2, 5 or 10 m

See also

- FHF05SC series heat flux sensors with integrated heater
- FHF05 series general purpose heat flux sensors
- view our complete range of heat flux sensors

HTR02 series specifications			
Power supply voltage	12 VDC		
Effective heater area per model			
50X50	2381 x 10 ⁻⁶ m ²		
85X85	7022 x 10 ⁻⁶ m ²		
Heater electrical resistance per model			
50X50	120 Ω (nominal)		
85X85	40 Ω (nominal)		
Heater thickness	0.1 x 10 ⁻³ m		
Outer dimensions foil per model			
50X50	(50 x 50) x 10 ⁻³ m		
85X85	(85 x 85) x 10 ⁻³ m		
Rated operating temperature range			
- continuous use	-40 to +150 °C		
Heater rated power supply	9 to 15 VDC		
Standard cable length	2 m (2 x 2 wires)		
Certificate	supplied with a		
	certificate stating		
	surface area in [m ²]		
	and heater resistance in $[\Omega]$		
Requirements for testing	metal heat sink > 1 kg;		
	power supply 12 VDC;		
	0.2 A;		
	insulation material;		
	voltage measurement;		
	contact material such as		
	glycerol or toothpaste		
Options	with 5 or 10 m cable		
	length		

Calibration experiments

In a typical test setup as in figure 3, the heat losses through the insulation are

typically smaller than 3 % and may be ignored. Measuring the heater power (voltage U_{heater} square divided by resistance R_{heater}), and dividing by the surface area A_{heater}, gives the applied heat flux. The heat flux sensor sensitivity S is the voltage output U_{sensor} divided by the applied heat flux. S = (U_{sensor}·R_{heater}·A_{heater})/U_{heater}² The reproducibility of this test is much improved when using contact material between heater, sensor and heat sink.

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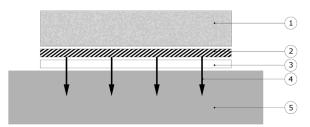


Figure 4 Working with HTR02 series; a typical stack used for calibration consists of a block of metal (mass > 1 kg), for example aluminium (5), the heat flux sensor (3), the HTR02 (2) and an insulation foam (1). Under these conditions, heat losses though the insulation are negligible. Heat flux flows from hot to cold. Dimensions in $x \ 10^{-3}$ m.

About Hukseflux

Hukseflux is the leading expert in measurement of energy transfer. We design and manufacture sensors and measuring systems that support the energy transition. We are market leaders in solar radiation- and heat flux measurement. Customers are served through the main office in the Netherlands, and locally owned representations in the USA, Brazil, India, China, Southeast Asia and Japan.

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